## ANNEX C NON-TREASURY MANAGEMET PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS



The Council measures and manages its capital expenditure, borrowing and commercial and service investments with reference to the following indicators. It is now a requirement of the CIPFA Prudential Code that these are reported on a quarterly basis.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Cotswold District Council has undertaken and is planning capital expenditure as summarised below

	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Capital Expenditure	actual (£)	forecast (£)	budget (£)	budget (£)
General Fund services	2,969,737	4,519,000	2,318,000	1,277,000
Capital investments	1,591,000	3,055,000	0	0

The main General Fund capital projects to date have included expenditure on Disabled Facilities Grants. The Council also incurred £1.591m of capital expenditure in the form of a service loan provided to Cottsway Housing Association.

#### **Capital Financing Requirement**

The Council's cumulative outstanding amount of debt finance is measured by the capital financing requirement (CFR). This increases with new debt-financed capital expenditure and reduces with Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) and capital receipts used to replace debt.

Capital Financing Requirement (CFR)	31/03/2023 actual (£)	31/03/2024 forecast (£)	31/03/2025 budget (£)	31/03/2026 budget (£)
General Fund services	20,211	486,000	2,900,000	2,800,000
Capital investments	0	0	0	0
TOTAL CFR	20,211	486,000	2,900,000	2,800,000

#### **Gross Debt and the Capital Financing Requirement**

Statutory guidance is that debt should remain below the capital financing requirement, except in the short term. The Council has complied and expects to continue to comply with this requirement in the medium term as is shown below.

					Debt at
	31/03/2023	31/03/2024	31/03/2025	31/03/2026	30.9.202
<b>Gross Debt and CFR</b>	actual (£)	forecast (£)	budget (£)	budget (£)	3 (£)
Debt (incl. PFI & leases)	450,757	356,000	2,800,000	2,600,000	404,515
Capital Financing Requirement	20,211	486,000	2,900,000	2,800,000	

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## **Debt and the Authorised Limit and Operational Boundary**

The Council is legally obliged to set an affordable borrowing limit (also termed the Authorised Limit for external debt) each year. In line with statutory guidance, a lower "operational boundary" is also set as a warning level should debt approach the limit.

				2023/24	
	Maximum	Debt as at	2023/24	Operational	
Debt, Authorised Limit and	Debt Q2	30/09/2023	Authorised	Boundary	Complied
Operational Boundary	2023/24 (£)	(£)	Limit (£)	(£)	? Yes/No
Borrowing	10,000,000	404,515	10,000,000	10,000,000	Yes
PFI and Finance Leases	0	0	0	0	Yes
TOTAL Debt	10,000,000	404,515	10,000,000	10,000,000	

Since the operational boundary is a management tool for in-year monitoring it is not significant if the boundary is breached on occasions due to variations in cash flow, and this is not counted as a compliance failure.

#### Net Income from Commercial and Service Investments to Net Revenue Stream

The Council's income from commercial and service investments as a proportion of its net revenue stream has been and is expected to be as indicated below.

							2023/24		
						2022/23	forecast	2024/25	2025/26
						actual (£)	(£)	budget (£)	budget (£)
Total	net	income	from	service	and				
commercial investments		507,019	494,000	490,000	600,000				
Proportion of net revenue stream			4.02%	3.68%	3.65%	2.98%			

The 202324 forecast is lower than that set out in the 2023/24 Capital Strategy due to the £75k income shortfall forecast on commercial property income.

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# **Proportion of Financing Costs to Net Revenue Stream**

Although capital expenditure is not charged directly to the revenue budget, interest payable on loans and MRP are charged to revenue.

The net annual charge is known as financing costs; this is compared to the net revenue stream i.e. the amount funded from Council Tax, business rates and general government grants.

	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
		forecast (£)	budget (£)	budget (£)
Financing costs (£)	6,030	5,908	251,000	257,000
Proportion of net revenue stream	0.05%	0.04%	1.84%	2.31%